CANCER REGISTER

THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH PERSONAL DATA ARE COLLECTED, PROCESSED AND STORED

Pursuant to Articles 13 and 14 of the General Data Protection Regulation (EU), we hereby inform you that your personal data that:

- sent by public health services and other legal and natural persons carrying out healthcare activities (for example, reporting cancer);
- sent by the Central Population Register, the Register of Spatial Units of the Republic of Slovenia, the Register of Tested Persons from Families Burdened by Hereditary Cancer, the Medical Report on a Deceased Person, the Primary Health Care Register, the Register of Diseases and Conditions Diagnosed in Specialist Outpatient Clinics, the Register of Diseases Requiring Hospital Treatment, Records of temporary and permanent absence from work due to illness, injury, care, accompaniment and other causes, Register of occupational diseases, suspected occupational diseases and work-related diseases, ZORA Register, DORA Register, Svit Register, eHealth databases, Central Register of Patient Data, ePrescription and eReferral, and eOrder (for the content of the Cancer Register, relevant data). ePrescription, eReferral, eRe
- are provided by the Health Insurance Institute of Slovenia, from the Register of Insured Persons of Compulsory Health Insurance (data relevant for the content of the Cancer Registry);
- will be generated by our internal disease registration and record-keeping procedures,

collected, used, stored and otherwise processed for the purpose of monitoring cancer incidence and survival, for monitoring, planning and evaluating cancer care, and as a basis for epidemiological and clinical research.

THE LEGAL BASIS FOR THE COLLECTION, PROCESSING, STORAGE AND TRANSFER OF PERSONAL DATA

The legal basis for the collection, processing and storage of health data is laid down in particular in the Act on Healthcare Databases and the Act on Patients' Rights. The basis is also partly laid down in the Health Care Act, the Medical Service Act, the Health Care and Health Insurance Act and some other specialised health care acts. As this is an indirect collection of personal data (the data are not obtained directly from the patient), the individual does not need to be informed in advance of the collection of the data.

RETENTION PERIODS FOR PERSONAL DATA

Cancer registry data is stored permanently.

DISCLOSURE OF AND ACCESS TO PERSONAL DATA

Access to or transmission of data using information, telecommunications or other means shall be subject to procedures and measures to prevent unauthorised persons from obtaining, altering or destroying data and from having unauthorised access to their contents.

The beneficiaries of the Cancer Registry database are: the Register of Tested Persons from Families

Affected by Hereditary Cancer, the ZORA Register, the DORA Register, the Svit Register.

Data is also disclosed to third parties in the following cases:

- The National Institute of Public Health, to which certain statutory data are reported for the purposes of maintaining the Medical Report on the Deceased database;
- contractors, in particular for the maintenance of the computer system, where this is unavoidably necessary in exceptional circumstances;
- on request, data about an individual may be disclosed to other authorities and organisations and to natural persons (doctors, researchers, relatives) under the conditions laid down by law or EU law, or if the person whose data is disclosed specifically consents to this (for example, for specific research).

All employees and other individuals who process personal data or perform work or tasks in the Cancer Epidemiology and Registry Unit are obliged to protect the confidentiality of personal data of which they become aware in the course of their duties, activities and tasks. They shall continue to be bound by the obligation to protect the confidentiality of personal data after they cease to hold office, to be employed, to carry out their duties and tasks or to provide contract processing services.

Both internal and external staff (students, specialists, etc.) are made aware of the laws and the duties and obligations they entail before starting their work (training, education, etc.) and are provided with a declaration on the protection of personal data for signature.

INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS

An individual has the right to lodge a complaint with the Information Commissioner of the Republic of Slovenia if he or she considers that his or her personal data are stored or otherwise processed in breach of the applicable regulations governing the protection of personal data. The data subject also has the right to be informed of his or her personal data.